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Logistics Processes and Motorways of the Sea II

Country Profile

UKRAINE

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road

ADU Avtomobilni Dorohy Ukrainy

AETR European Agreement concerning the Work of Crews of Vehicles engaged in

International Road Transport

AGTC European Agreement on Important International Combined Transport Lines

and Related Installations

ATP Agreement on the International Carriage of Perishable Foodstuffs and on the

Special Equipment to be Used for such Carriage

BSEC Black Sea Economic Cooperation

CMR Convention on the Contract for the International Carriage of Goods by Road

COLREG The International Regulations for Preventing collisions at Sea

EBRD European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

EIB Electronic Data Interchange
EIB European Investment Bank

EU European Union

EUBAM European Union Border Assistance Mission for Moldova and Ukraine

GoU Government of Ukraine

GUAM Organisation for Democracy and Economic Development

IFC International Finance CorporationIFI International Financing Institution

IFSP Iliychevsk Sea Fishing Port

IGC Intergovernmental Commission
ILC International Logistics Centre

IMO International Maritime Organisation

IMTP Iliychevsk Maritime Trade Port
INMARSAT International Maritime Satellite

INTERVENTI International Convention relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases

ON of Oil Pollution Casualties

IWW Inland Waterways

LDC Convention on the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping of Wastes and

Other Matter

LOGMOS Logistics Processes and Motorways of the Sea

MARPOL The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from ships

Mol Ministry of Infrastructure
MOS Motorways of the Sea







OSJD Organisation for Cooperation of Railways

PIARC Permanent International Association of Road Congresses

Ro-Ro Roll on – Roll off
RZD Russian Railways

SAR International Convention on Maritime Search and Rescue
SOLAS The International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea
STCW Standards of Training and Certification and Watchkeeping

SUA The Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of

Maritime Navigation

SWS Single Window System

TEN-T Trans European Network – Transport

TEU Twenty-foot Equivalent Unit

TIR Transports Internationaux Routiers

TONNAGE The International Convention on Tonnage measurements of Ships

TRACECA Transport Corridor Europe Caucasus Asia

UAH Ukrainian Hryvna
UN United Nations

UNDP United Nations Development Program

UNECE United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
USAID United States Agency for International Development

USD United States Dollar

UZ Ukrzaliznytsia – Ukrainian Railways

WB World Bank

WTO World Trade Organisation







Ukraine - Political map
Administrative units and main cities

VOLYNOKAYA ROVERSKAYA OBLAST
Cheminiv
Ch

Figure 1: General Map of Ukraine

Source: TRACECA (2011)







1 INTRODUCTION

Ukraine is one of the biggest markets in Eastern Europe and one of advanced economies in TRACECA region. It borders:

- by land with Belarus, Hungary, Moldova, Poland, Romania, Russia and Slovakia;
- by sea Bulgaria, Georgia, Romania, Russia and Turkey.

Owing to its geographical location, Ukraine benefits from the passage of a number of international transport corridors through its territory:

- 4 Pan-European corridors (III, V, VII and IX) rail and road
- 6 OSJD corridors (No3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10) rail
- Transport Corridor Europe Caucasus Asia (TRACECA) multimodal
- TEN-T central transport axis 3 rail and 4 road routes.

Ukrainian transport network covers 21.7 th km of railways, 169.5 th km of roads and 2.2 th km of inland waterways. Also the network includes 18 sea and 10 river ports. The existing capacity enables the handling of 1 bn t of cargo by rail and 160 M t through sea ports. Yet, this capacity is utilized at about 50% only. Among the problems identified in this connection are:

- for road transport: the insufficient availability of roads in good technical conditions, generating sub-standard speeds and long transit-times;
- for rail transport: an obsolete rolling stock and frequent shortages of suitable rail cars in sufficient quantity due to inappropriate use / delayed, untimely return by users;
- at sea ports: the limited capacity of access roads and rail tracks, slow renewal of port infrastructure, low container turnover due to excessively long transit formalities

To address the above mentioned shortcomings, Ukraine became a member in several international organizations (e.g., UNECE, GUAM, BSEC, IMO, PIARC and OSJD). Since 1998 it takes part in IGC TRACECA. By that time the Basic Multilateral Agreement On international transport for development of Europe - Caucasus - Asia corridor was concluded by 12 parties, Armenia, Azerbaijan,, Bulgaria, Georgia, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Moldova, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkey, Ukraine and Uzbekistan.

