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# **Logistics Processes and Motorways of the Sea II**

**Country Profile** 

**AZERBAIJAN** 

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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ADB Asian Development Bank

ADY Azerbaijani Railways

BCP Border Crossing Point

BISTP Baku International Sea Trade Port
BSEC Black Sea Economic Cooperation

CAREC Central Asia Regional Economic Cooperation

CIS Commonwealth of Independent States

EBRD European Bank for Reconstruction and Development

ECMT European Conference of Ministers of Transport

ECO Economic Cooperation Organization

EDI Electronic Data Interchange

EU European Union

GUAM Organization for Democracy and Economic Development

ICB International Competitive Bidding
IFI International Financing Institution

ILC International Logistics Centre

IMO International Maritime Organization
IRU International Road Transport Union

IsDB Islamic Development Bank

LOGMOS Logistics Processes and Motorways of the Sea

MOS Motorways of the Sea

OSJD Organization for Cooperation of Railways

PIARC Permanent International Association of Road Congresses

Ro-Ro Roll on - Roll off

SWS Single Window System

TACIS Technical Aid to the Commonwealth of Independent States

TEU Twenty-foot Equivalent Unit

TRACECA Transport Corridor Europe Caucasus Asia

UIC International Union of Railways

UN United Nations

UNECE United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

UNESCAP United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Europe and Asia

USD United States Dollar

WB World Bank







AZEITDAIJAN - Political map
Administrative units and main cities

BRIAMAN
Zagatala S
ZADATALA

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OUSAN Quest
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Figure 1: General Map of Azerbaijan

Source: TRACECA (2011)







#### 1 INTRODUCTION

Azerbaijan constitutes a bridge between Europe and Caucasus with Central Asia and therefore plays a key role in the development of international trade along the TRACECA Corridor. It is also crossed by the North South Corridor, which goes from Russia to Iran, and further to the Persian Gulf. At the crossroads of these historical two corridors, developed the city of Baku.

### **TRACECA Framework**

Azerbaijan has been an active member of TRACECA since the Brussels Conference in May 1993 which gave birth to the TRACECA program.

The ten direct beneficiary countries under review by LOGMOS Project share a globally common legal and regulatory background for the transport sector, but also have different laws and rules resulting from different contexts and policies.

International Conventions and regional or bilateral agreements are completing the framework, and there are expected moves at both national and regional (TRACECA and other groups) levels.

The approach of legal issues related to the LOGMOS Project is focusing on the transport laws and regulations as well as on the afore-mentioned national, international, regional and bilateral conventions and agreements which have a direct or indirect impact on surface transport modes with a priority for maritime and intermodal transport.

The TRACECA program started in Brussels in 1993 as one of the components of the intergovernmental TACIS program. In September 1998, in the city of Baku was signed, under the initiative of the European Commission as well as the organisation and the active participation of Azerbaijan at the International Conference "TRACECA – Restoration of the Historic Silk Route", the Multilateral Agreement (MLA) on the development of the transport corridor Europe – Caucasus – Asia between the Head of State of 12 countries (Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkey, Ukraine and Uzbekistan).

After the Intergovernmental Committee and Permanent Secretariat of TRACECA were established in 2000, Azerbaijan set up a TRACECA National Commission headed by the deputy Prime Minister of the Government and the National Secretariat of TRACECA (Permanent Representative), headed by a national secretary.

Azerbaijani representatives take an active part in all conferences and Working group's meetings organized by IGC TRACECA.